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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. 10/657,327 09/08/2003 35739.CIP 1196 Christopher Zacco EXAMINER 7590 06/14/2005 Allen, Dyer, Doppelt, Milbrath & Gilchrist, P.A. BROWN, MICHAEL A Suite 1401 PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT 255 South Orange Avenue P.O. Box 3791 3764

DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/657,327	ZACCO, CHRISTOPHER
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Michael Brown	3764
The MAILING DATE of this communicate riod for Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3' after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a relation. 14 are reply within the statutory minimum of thirt ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
atus		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	n	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)	oxtimes This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for	·	• •
closed in accordance with the practice	under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
sposition of Claims		•
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-18</u> is/are pending in the appl	lication.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-16</u> is/are w		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) 9-12,17 and 18 is/are rejected	•	•
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election requirement.	
pplication Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection	• • •	• •
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	•	• • •
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
iority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in A he priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
* See the attached detailed Office action for	n a not of the certified copies not	ieceiveu.

Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. __ 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:

Period for Reply

Disposition of Claims

Application Papers

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1

Status

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: Group I, Claims 9-12 and 17-18; Group II, Claims 13-16.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, no claims are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over

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the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

During a telephone conversation with Mr. Enrique Estevez on May 7, 2005 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 9-12 and 17-18. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 13-16 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 9-10 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Williams.

Williams discloses in figures 1-6 a mouthpiece comprising a body (fig. 6), of thermoplastic material (col. 3, lines 5-11), having the shape of a person's dental arch, including a posterior end (fig. 5), having two spaced apart members (fig. 5), an anterior end (col. 3, lines 6-7), having an air opening 14, a substantially rigid, protective mold (the remaining portion of the body, (posterior components bilaterally, col. 6, lines 20-21 and col 3, lines 17-21) and the mouthpiece body and the mold are a single non-separable piece.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 11-12 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Williams in view of Shapiro, along with Sue.

Williams discloses in figures 1-6 a mouthpiece, substantially as claimed. However, Williams doesn't disclose a removable plug inserted into the airway. Shapiro teaches in figures 1-4 a mouthpiece 1 having an anterior air way 25 and a plug 38 removably inserted into the air way. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made that the plug as taught by Shapiro could be inserted into the air way disclosed by Williams in order to use the plug to ensure integrity of the air way during the fitting process. Shapiro, also teaches the lower surface and the upper surface spaced apart therefrom at an angle which increases from the posterior end to the anterior end of the body (fig. 2). Williams discloses the imprints being on the inside of the body. It is a matter of duplication to having the imprints on an outside wall as taught by Sue.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA

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1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 9-12 and 17-18 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3 and 7-8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,619,290. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims recited in the present invention are broader, similar in scope and subject matter to the claims recited in U.S. Patent No. 6,619,290.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Meade, Parker, Tyler and Orrico, each discloses a mouthpiece.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Brown whose telephone number is 571-272-4972. The examiner can normally be reached on 5:30 am-4:00 pm Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gergory Huson can be reached on 571-272-4887. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Brown June 8, 2005

> MICHAEL A. BROWN PRIMARY EXAMINER

Michael a. Br